



RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL

No. 218

EFFECTIVE April 27, 2025

WHEREAS, Providence residents and Rhode Islanders generally pay the second-highest rate per kilowatt-hour of electricity in the nation; and

WHEREAS, Rhode Island Energy, the current energy supplier for most Rhode Islanders, has sought the highest increases allowable under state law and regulation despite reasoned and impassioned pleas by both elected officials and citizens alike; and

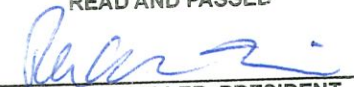

WHEREAS, Every meaningful option to reduce the energy costs paid by individuals and families in Rhode Island should be considered earnestly; and

WHEREAS, A publicly-owned utility would provide meaningful accountability and affordable energy to a state in clear need of both amid the disruptions of the climate emergency and the profiteering of privately-owned utility providers.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT BE RESOLVED, That the Providence City Council hereby supports the passage of H-5161 and its Senate Companion Bill and strongly urges the Rhode Island General Assembly and the Governor of Rhode Island to enact this legislation on behalf of all Rhode Islanders; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That this resolution be sent to lead sponsor Representative Cotter, the Speaker of the Rhode Island House of Representatives K. Joseph Shekarchi, President of the Rhode Island Senate Dominick Ruggerio, and the members of the Providence Delegation to express the strong support of the Providence City Council for H-5161 and its Senate Companion.

IN CITY COUNCIL
APR 17 2025
READ AND PASSED


RACHEL M. MILLER, PRESIDENT

CLERK

Effective without the
Mayor's Signature



Tina L. Mastroianni
City Clerk

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND

IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY

JANUARY SESSION, A.D. 2025

JOINT RESOLUTION

CREATING A SPECIAL JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION TO STUDY PUBLIC OWNERSHIP OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

Introduced By: Representatives Cotter, Morales, Potter, Carson, Speakman, Fogarty, Kislak, Slater, Giraldo, and Kazarian

Date Introduced: January 24, 2025

Referred To: House Corporations

1 WHEREAS, Rhode Island General Laws § 39-1-1 provides that it is the declared policy
2 of the state “to provide fair regulation of public utilities and carriers in the interest of the public,
3 to promote availability of adequate, efficient, and economical energy, communication, and
4 transportation services and water supplies to the inhabitants of the state, to provide just and
5 reasonable rates and charges for such services and supplies, without unjust discrimination, undue
6 preferences or advantages, or unfair or destructive competitive practices, and to cooperate with
7 other states and agencies of the federal government in promoting and coordinating efforts to
8 achieve realization of this policy”; and

9 WHEREAS, Rhode Island General Laws § 39-1-1 further provides that as of 1996, lower
10 retail electricity rates would promote the state’s economy and the health and general welfare of
11 the citizens of Rhode Island; and

12 WHEREAS, This section was further amended to provide that as of 2006, the prices of
13 energy, including especially fossil fuels and electricity, were rising faster than the cost of living
14 and the subject of sharp fluctuations, which conditions created hardship for many households,
15 institutions, organizations, and businesses in the state; and

16 WHEREAS, Despite many legislative innovations in the area of public utilities, the 2006
17 findings and declarations referenced above remain an accurate description of the current situation
18 for many residents of the state with regard to public utilities; now, therefore be it

19 RESOLVED, That a special legislative commission to study public ownership of public

1 utilities be and the same is hereby created consisting of fifteen (15) members: three (3) of whom
2 shall be members of the House of Representatives, not more than two (2) from the same political
3 party, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House; three (3) of whom shall be members of the
4 Senate, not more than two (2) from the same political party, to be appointed by the President of
5 the Senate; one of whom shall be the Chairperson of the Rhode Island Public Utilities
6 Commission, or designee; one of whom shall be the Administrator of the Division of Public
7 Utilities, or designee; one of whom shall be a representative of a public utilities provider of
8 natural gas in Rhode Island, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House; one of whom shall be a
9 representative of a public utilities provider of electricity in Rhode Island, to be appointed by the
10 President of the Senate; one of whom shall be a representative from an entity that provides energy
11 budget management for commercial consumers in Rhode Island, to be appointed by the Speaker
12 of the House; two (2) of whom shall be representatives from the International Brotherhood of
13 Electrical Workers, appointed from local unions located in the state, one representative to be
14 appointed by the Speaker of the House and one representative to be appointed by the President of
15 the Senate; and two (2) of whom shall be representatives from public interest and consumer
16 groups which advocate for consumer rights, one of whom to be appointed by the Speaker of the
17 House and one of whom to be appointed by the President of the Senate.

18 In lieu of any appointment of a member of the legislature to a legislative study
19 commission, or any commission created by a General Assembly resolution, the appointing
20 authority may appoint a member of the general public to serve in lieu of a legislator; provided
21 that, the majority leader or the minority leader of the political party which is entitled to the
22 appointment consents to the appointment of the member of the general public.

23 The purpose of said commission shall be to evaluate and make actionable
24 recommendations to the General Assembly on natural gas and electricity making, generation,
25 distribution, supply, purchase, and sale, to commercial, industrial, and residential customers
26 throughout the state. The study commission shall consult with other individuals who have
27 relevant expertise as needed.

28 More specifically, the study commission shall study and make recommendations on the
29 following:

30 (1) State-wide state, municipal or cooperative ownership of natural gas making,
31 distribution, supply, purchase and sale, and electricity generation and distribution to commercial,
32 industrial and residential customers in cities, suburban regions and rural areas;

33 (2) Potential application in Rhode Island of the state of Nebraska's "Neighbor's First"
34 model of public ownership by municipal utilities, electric cooperatives or public power districts;

- 1 (3) The performance of private utilities versus publicly-owned utilities;
- 2 (4) The governance structure of public ownership of natural gas making, distribution,
3 supply, purchase and sale, and electricity generation and distribution to commercial, industrial
4 and residential customers throughout the state including, but not limited to:
- 5 (i) Cost of infrastructure, including development of construction projects that benefit the
6 state as a whole but are too big or too expensive for any one municipal or regional entity, such,
7 geothermal power plants, offshore wind farms or “pumped storage” hydropower facilities that can
8 bank electricity from solar or wind farms;
- 9 (ii) Cost savings to consumers;
- 10 (iii) Access to low cost debt;
- 11 (iv) Ability to facilitate rapid transition to one hundred percent (100%) renewable energy;
- 12 (v) Access to new technology;
- 13 (vi) Productivity;
- 14 (vii) Union participation;
- 15 (viii) Service to large cities, suburban regions, densely populated rural areas and sparsely
16 populated rural areas;
- 17 (ix) Profits from publicly-owned utilities that can be made available for cross
18 subsidization for other public services, such as public transportation; and
- 19 (x) The state as a shareholder of privately-owned electric companies and gas companies.

20 Forthwith upon passage of this resolution, the members of the commission shall meet at
21 the call of the Speaker of the House and President of the Senate and shall select, from among the
22 legislators, co-chairpersons.

23 Vacancies in said commission shall be filled in like manner as the original appointment.

24 The membership of said commission shall receive no compensation for their services.

25 All departments and agencies of the state shall furnish such advice and information,
26 documentary and otherwise, to said commission and its agents as is deemed necessary or
27 desirable by the commission to facilitate the purposes of this resolution.

28 The Speaker of the House is hereby authorized and directed to provide suitable quarters
29 for said commission; and be it further

30 RESOLVED, That the commission shall report its findings and recommendations to the
31 General Assembly no later than April 16, 2026, and said commission shall expire on May 27,
32 2026.

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EXPLANATION
BY THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL
OF
JOINT RESOLUTION
CREATING A SPECIAL JOINT LEGISLATIVE COMMISSION TO STUDY PUBLIC
OWNERSHIP OF PUBLIC UTILITIES

- 1 This Joint Resolution would create a special joint legislative study commission to study
- 2 public ownership of certain public utilities, including electricity and natural gas. The commission
- 3 would report its findings and recommendations to the General Assembly no later than April 16,
- 4 2026, and would expire on May 27, 2026.

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